

4. Time

- I read the morning papers for a while. **Afterwards**, I took a shower.
- **First** pick up the receiver and **then** insert a coin into the coin-box.
- **At first**, I had great difficulty with grammar. Later, *however*, I was able to overcome these difficulties by studying hard.
- The party is Tuesday, but **in the meantime** I have to shop and prepare the food.
- They'll be here soon. **Meanwhile**, let's have coffee.

TIME
at first
afterwards
later
then
in the meantime
meanwhile

5. Exemplification

- Women generally live longer than men. **For instance**, in the United States life expectancy for women is 75, while it is 73 for men.
- Earthquakes can be highly destructive. **To illustrate**, the earthquake which occurred in Erzincan in 1939 devastated the whole town, killing more than 35,000 people.

EXEMPLIFICATION
for instance
for example
to illustrate

6. Particularization

in particular *particularly* *specifically*

- Shopping in small markets is quite advantageous. **In particular**, one can find specialty items that larger stores do not contain.
- We still needed to arrange several details for the trip. **Specifically**, we had to make plane and train reservations as well as decide on the final itinerary.

7. Explanation

that is *namely* *in other words* *that is to say*

- The brochure dealt with travelling in Morocco. **That is/In other words/ Namely**, it discussed transportation, currency, and language.
- The machinery was not impaired; **that is**, it wasn't damaged.
- Good readers should be able to read between the lines; **that is**, they should be able to make inferences (=to draw conclusions) about information that is conveyed indirectly or given only partially.
- There is only one topic to discuss, **namely**, the question of discipline.
- As a child grows up, he learns how to behave in ways which are appropriate to the society into which he is born. **That is to say**, he acquires the patterns of behavior which are accepted as normal in his society.

8. Similarity

likewise *similarly* *correspondingly* *by the same token* *in the same way*

- Men must wear a jacket and a tie; **similarly**, women must wear a skirt or a dress, not trousers.
- She was late and I **similarly** was delayed.
- You can't teach navigation in the middle of a storm. **Likewise**, you can't build a system of values in the current educational climate.

9. Emphasis

in fact *indeed* *as a matter of fact* *actually*

- He is quite wealthy. **In fact**, he is one of the richest men in Turkey.
- I like reading. **As a matter of fact**, it is my favorite pastime.
- Mural is a highly talented musician. **Indeed**, he has an extraordinary gift for music.

10. Refutation

on the contrary

- She is not ugly. **On the contrary**, she is a good-looking girl.
- I don't hate classical music. **On the contrary**, I'm very fond of it.

11. Reformulation

in other words *to put it in a different way, put differently*

- He is a conservative. **In other words**, he favors the preservation of old institutions in their original form.
- Is there a cheaper solution? **In other words**, can you make a cheaper device?

12. Correction

rather to be more precise

- He is enjoying himself. **Rather**, he seems to be enjoying himself.
- This system must be improved. **Rather**, it must be thoroughly changed.
- Her name is not Margeret. **Rather**, it is Margot.

13. Transition

as for *as to* *with regard to* *with respect to*
as regards *regarding* *as far as X is concerned*

- Both Orkun and Ozkan are my friends. Orkun studies law at Ankara University. **As for** Ozkan, he studies mechanical engineering at METU.
- **As far as comfort is concerned**, a car is definitely much better than a bicycle. *On the other hand, with respect to* convenience, it is difficult to say the same thing.
- METU and ITU are similar **in several respects** (=ways). First, they are both technical universities. Secondly, they are alike **as regards** the courses offered.
- Sony, which is \$550, is much more expensive than Grundig, which is \$440. However, **as far as quality is concerned** (**With regard to/ As regards** quality), *the former is far* better than *the latter*.

14. Alternative

- You're welcome to come with us now in our car. **Alternatively**, you could go later with Mary.

15. Negative Condition

or else *otherwise*

- I must leave now, **or else** I'll be late.
- You must study hard. **Otherwise**, you may fail.

16. Summation/ Conclusion

in summary *in brief* *in short* *in conclusion to be brief* *to sum up* *all in all*

- This is our most disastrous and embarrassing defeat ever; **in short**, it is a fiasco.
- The system lacked originality, efficiency and ingenuity. **In conclusion**, it was a complete failure.

17. Other Sentence Connectors

after all: *considering all the factors in the situation*

- I don't think he should be punished for breaking the window. **After all**, he's only five years old.

incidentally/by the way (*used to introduce an additional point that the speaker has just thought of*)

- Some people, and **incidentally** that includes Robert, just won't look after themselves properly.

above all (*=more than anything else*)

- He misses all of us, but he longs **above all** to see his family again.

all the same: *even so, nevertheless, in any case,*

- I like him; **all the same**, I don't trust him

anyway, anyhow, in any case

- I wasn't asked; **anyway/anyhow/in any case**, I wasn't keen to go.

instead (*used to indicate contrast*)

- Mary did not answer. **Instead** she looked out of the taxi window.